

Productive Coder

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The Java Specialists' Newsletter http://javaspecialists.co.za







Productive Coder

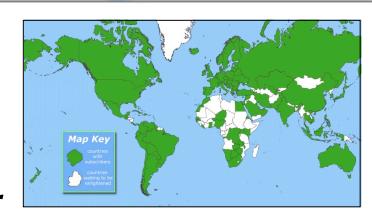
- How you can have more fun interacting with your machine ...
- ... and make your computer less frustrated with having you as operator ©





Background

- Heinz Kabutz
 - The Java Specialists' Newsletter
 - 20 000 readers in 111 countries
 - Taught Java to hundreds of developers
 - Java Patterns Course
 - Java 5 Delta Course
 - http://javaspecialists.co.za/courses
 - Java Champion
 - Java programmer since 1997
 - Worked on large Java systems
 - 500 000 1 000 000 LOC







Java Training Courses
and Java Performance



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Java Trainers

10 Good Reasons

Make Enquiry









Welcome to The Java™ Specialists' Newsletter

Casting like a Tiger [Issue 127] Java 5 adds a new way of casting that does not show compiler warnings or errors. Yet another way to shoot yourself in the foot?

Java Courses on Crete

Imagine being trained in Java[™] and object orientation by the authors of The Java[™] Specialists' Newsletter and Java[™] Champions Dr Heinz Kabutz and Kirk Pepperdine. To add to our **inhouse Java courses** we are proud to announce the launch of our **Java Courses on Crete** with it's beautiful beaches, warm weather and great local food.

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Over 120 issues archived by date and topic. You are welcome to join our community of 20,000 java programmers in over 100 countries who receive **The Java Specialists' Newsletter** every month.

"Dr Heinz Max Kabutz publishes an Advanced Java newsletter. Not for the uninitiated, but I find something fascinating in every issue." Bruce Eckel, Author of Thinking in Java



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Become One With Your Machine

- Typical programmer works 60 hours per week
 - We all want maximum of 40 hours
- Programmer and machine should be one
 - Feel the machine
 - Understand the machine
 - Speak nicely to the machine ©
- Human Computer Interaction is progressing slowly
 - You should be able to type this whilst at the same time watching TV.
 - When you make a typing error, you should know that you have made it without looking at the screen.





Keyboard Skills

- Not all programmers can touch type
- But it is so easy:
 - Each keyboard has dimple for index fingers on "F" and "J"
 - From there, each finger controls the buttons above and below it
- Initial investment of about 20 hours
- Try to mainly use the keyboard minimize mouse use
 - Menu driven copy & paste ...
- German Keyboard layout is bad for coding





Keyboard Magic

- Back to the basics of working with computers
- Applies to any language, not just Java
- But, Java's IDEs make this approach even more productive





Keyboard Shortcuts

- Memorise as many as possible
- Use them frequently
- Try to minimize mouse usage
- Every IDE is different
 - Sometimes on purpose it seems
 - CTRL+D in IntelliJ & Eclipse
- Learn vim
 - Productive for small jobs
 - Good discipline in keyboard use





Know Your IDE

- IntelliJ my favourite
 - Eclipse narrowing gap
- Short demo of how to create three classes:
 - Flower, RarityStatus, FynbosFan



Orothamnus zeyheri (Marsh Rose)



Which IDE? - Does Not Matter!

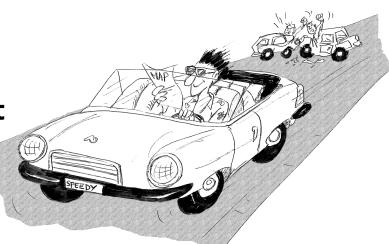
- Whatever your choice, it's your choice
- Spend 10 hours getting to know keyboard shortcuts
- Whether Netbeans, Eclipse, IntelliJ, vim, Notepad
 - No, scratch that last one ...





Fingers Overtaking the Brain

- You still need to plan
 - Stop & think before you start
- When shortcuts & fingers are too fast:
 - Increase speed of your brain
 - Think in higher level concepts, such as Design Patterns







Design Patterns

- Mainstream of OO landscape, offering us:
 - View into brains of OO experts
 - Quicker understanding of existing designs
 - e.g. Visitor pattern used by Annotation Processing Tool
 - Improved communication between developers



Readjusting of "thinking mistakes" by developers





Vintage Wines

- Design Patterns are like good red wine
 - You cannot appreciate them at first
 - As you study them you learn the difference between plonk and vintage, or bad and good designs
 - As you become a connoisseur you experience the various textures you didn't notice before
- Warning: Once you are hooked, you will no longer be satisfied with inferior designs





"Houston, We Have a Problem"

- "Our lead developer has left"
 - Software works most of the time
 - We have to fix it, and add some features ...



- What code is dead?
 - Stories of whole teams working on dead code for years
- Where are the unit test?
- Where could access control be tighter?
- What portion of code is commented?
- How can I find bad code? Copy & paste code?







Initial Investigation

- Check where comments are missing
 - Doclet that checks that all elements are documented http://javaspecialists.co.za/archive/newsletter.do?issue=049
- Find fields that are not private
 - **Doclet that runs through your code and finds non-private fields** http://javaspecialists.co.za/archive/newsletter.do?issue=035
- Count number of classes, lines of code per class
 - Aim is for average of less than 100 lines per class
 - One of my customers had one Java class > 30000 LOC
- Run code coverage tool against unit tests





What are Realistic Values?

	#	Total LOC	Uncommented
	Classes	AVG/STDEV	Elements
Project 1 South Africa	1359	263790 194 / 337	24291 18 per class
Project 2	442	62393	7298
Germany		141 / 149	17 per class
Ideal	1000	80260 80 / 61	1000 max 1 per class

Beware, LOC is only a rough measurement





Comments Should Explain "Why"

- Should not just be: Method getName returns the name.
- Switch off automatic comment generation
- Either fill in comments properly, or leave them out
- Method names and parameters should be descriptive
- "Why I don't read your code comments ..."
 - Most misunderstood newsletter
 - http://javaspecialists.co.za/archive/newsletter.do?issue=039
 - I do write my own comments, but about "why" not "what"
 - But, I seldom find projects with well-written comments





• Rather insightful comment in JDK 1.3:

```
/**
 * Returns the name of the component given the
 * component index
 */
public String getName (int idx) {
   /* REMIND - handle common cases here */
   return new String(
    "Unnamed color component("+idx+")");
}
```

What is "REMIND" supposed to tell us?





In JDK 1.4, more comments, but still the question

```
/ * *
 Returns the name of the component given the
* component index.
* @param idx The component index.
* @return The name of the component at the
* specified index.
public String getName (int idx) {
 /* REMIND - handle common cases here */
 return new String(
  "Unnamed color component("+idx+")");
```





Java 5

```
/** Returns the name of the component given the
* component index.
* @param idx The component index.
* @return The name of the component at the
* specified index.
* @throws IllegalArgumentException if idx is less
* than 0 or greater than numComponents - 1 */
public String getName (int idx) {
 /* REMIND - handle common cases here */
if ((idx < 0) || (idx > numComponents - 1)) {
  throw new IllegalArgumentException(
   "Component index out of range: " + idx);
return new String(
 "Unnamed color component("+idx+")");
```





Java 6

```
/** Returns the name of the component given the
* component index.
* @param idx The component index.
* @return The name of the component at the
* specified index.
* @throws IllegalArgumentException if idx is less
* than 0 or greater than numComponents - 1 */
public String getName (int idx) {
 /* REMIND - handle common cases here */
 if ((idx < 0) || (idx > numComponents - 1)) {
  throw new IllegalArgumentException(
    "Component index out of range: " + idx);
if (compName == null) {
 switch (type) {
   case ColorSpace.TYPE_XYZ:
   compName = new String[] {"X", "Y", "Z"}; break;
```





Commenting Out Code

- Source Control Systems
 - Have been around for decades
- Don't duplicate work done by source control
- If code is dead, delete it, don't comment it out





Funny Comments

Shouldn't that be ObjectInputStream?

```
DJDK 1.3: java.io.ObjectStreamClass
private final static Class[] NULL_ARGS = {};
//WORKAROUND compiler bug with following code.
//static final Class[]OIS_ARGS={ObjectInpuStream.class};
//static final Class[]OOS_ARGS={ObjectOutpuStream.class};
private static Class[] OIS_ARGS = null;
private static Class[] OOS_ARGS = null;
private static void initStaticMethodArgs() {
   OOS_ARGS = new Class[1];
   OOS_ARGS[0] = ObjectOutputStream.class;
   OIS_ARGS[0] = ObjectInputStream.class;
}
```

- "The compiler team is writing useless code again ..."
 - http://javaspecialists.co.za/archive/newsletter.do?issue=046





"Wonderfully Disgusting Hack"

- JDK 1.4: java.awt.Toolkit static boolean enabledOnToolkit(long eventMask) { // Wonderfully disgusting hack for Solaris 9
- This made me think:
 - 1. All software contains hacks.
 - 2. I would prefer to know about them.
 - 3. Only a real developer would write "hack" into his comments.
 - 4. Rather use Java than black-box proprietary solution with hundreds of undocumented hacks
- "Wonderfully Disgusting Hack"
 - http://javaspecialists.co.za/archive/newsletter.do?issue=077





Before You Change Any Code...

- Refactoring is dangerous!
- You must have good unit tests
 - And great skill if you don't have unit tests...
- Also system tests
- In troubled projects, unit tests often absent





Real-Life Case Study

- Customer has kindly agreed for you to see his code
- Domains, names, etc. have been altered
- This is not the worst I have had to work with





Real-Life Example

- Company someone.com has Java application
- Single programmer has left
- Features must be added and bugs fixed
- Initial stats:

	# Classes	Total LOC AVG / STDEV	Uncommented Elements
Someone.com	97	19478 201 / 181	2461 25 per class





- Fanout (FO)
 - Number of other classes used in
 - Fields
 - Parameters
 - Local variables
 - Return
 - Throws
 - Primitives and supertypes not counted
 - Recommended maximum of 15
 - Warning sign: Large number of "import" statements





- Halstead Program Length (HPLen)
 - Halstead Software Science metric
 - Calculated per class
 - 'Number of Operators' + 'Number of Operands'
 - Maximum of 2000
 - Average should be much less





- Maximum Size Of Operation (MSOO)
 - Counts maximum size of operations for a class
 - Method size determined by cyclomatic complexity
 - number of if, for and while statements
 - Finds overly complex, badly factored methods



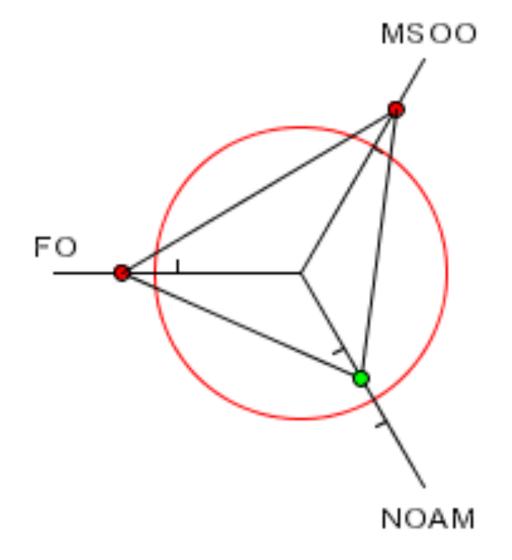


- Number Of Added Methods (NOAM)
 - Counts the number of operations added by a class
 - Inherited and overridden operations are not counted
 - Absolute maximum is 50
 - Maybe too generous?
 - Large value means subclass is too different to superclass





What do the Metrics Say?







Encapsulation

- Encapsulation is more than private fields
 - Though all non-constant fields should be private
- Getters and Setters often break encapsulation
- What is the difference between public getName() and setName() methods and making field public?
 - Yes, you can check input values





Non-private Fields

Search with Doclet

http://javaspecialists.co.za/archive/newsletter.do?issue=035

Output:

```
Non-private data members:
public com.someone.gui.InfoFrame:
   java.lang.StringBuffer buffer
public com.someone.gui.TableMap:
   protected javax.swing.table.TableModel model
public com.someone.io.DelimitedFileDataSource:
   protected java.lang.String[][] data
   protected int index
public com.someone.io.DelimitedFileReader:
   protected java.lang.String fileName
   protected java.lang.String[] headers
```

Found 203 non-private nonconstant fields





Fixing the Code

- Either make them all private and see what breaks
 - Kind of tedious
- Or use a tool to tighten field access control
 - Made me into an IntelliJ convert
 - Short demonstration ...
- Rerun the doclet: 104 non-private fields
 - An improvement from 203!
- Now real work begins why are they not private?



Immutable Fields

- Fields should be marked "final" where possible
 - http://javaspecialists.co.za/archive/newsletter.do?issue=025
- Immutable objects are easier to work with
 - Helps discover bugs
 - Synchronization is easier
- Garbage collector copes well with short-lived objects
- A class with descriptive long names

```
public class SessionConnectorWithRetryAtLeastThreeTimes {
   private String connectionNameReceivedFromInternet;
   private int numberOfTimesThatWeShouldRetryAtLeast;
}
```





Add a Constructor

```
public class SessionConnectorWithRetryAtLeastThreeTimes {
    private String connectionNameReceivedFromInternet;
    private int numberOfTimesThatWeShouldRetryAtLeast;
    public SessionConnectorWithRetryAtLeastThreeTimes(
        String c, int n) {
        connectionNameReceivedFromInternet = c;
        numberOfTimesThatWeShouldRetryAtLeast = n;
    }
}
```

Problem – we need to read the comments to know what c and n are





Use the Classic "this." Assignment

It compiles and runs, but one field is not initialised

```
public class SessionConnectorWithRetryAtLeastThreeTimes
  { private String connectionNameReceivedFromInternet;
  private int numberOfTimesThatWeShouldRetryAtLeast;
  public SessionConnectorWithRetryAtLeastThreeTimes(
     String connectionNameReoeivedFromInternet,
     int numberOfTimesThatWeShouldRetryAtLeast) {
   this.connectionNameReceivedFromInternet =
    connectionNameReceivedFromInternet;
   this.numberOfTimesThatWeShouldRetryAtLeast =
    numberOfTimesThatWeShouldRetryAtLeast;
```





Make Fields Final

- Making them final shows the problem:
 - Parameter connectionNameReoeivedFromInternet
- So, make all fields as private and final as possible
- Search for non-final fields using a Doclet
 - Not published, but easy to write
 - In our example, 644 fields were non-final
- Again, fix either one class at a time, or use a tool
 - Quick demonstration with IntelliJ by hand takes longer
 - We now have 380 non-final fields left





How Final is "final"?

Sun Microsystems ambivalent:

- JDK 1.1:
 - Access control (private, etc.) not checked at runtime
 - Final fields <u>cannot</u> be rebound at runtime
- JDK 1.2:
 - Access control checked at runtime, setAccessible(true) overrides
 - Final fields <u>could be</u> rebound at runtime with reflection
- JDK 1.3 + 1.4:
 - Final fields <u>cannot</u> be rebound at runtime
- JDK 1.5 + 1.6:
 - Final fields can be rebound at runtime with reflection
 - Except when primitive or String fields are set at declaration time





Java Versions: When "final" Was Final

Java versions and lifespans

Version	Code Name	Release Date	Lifespan (months)	Final is
JDK 1.1.4	Sparkler	1997-09-12	15	Yes
J2SE 1.2	Playground	1998-12-04	18	No
J2SE 1.3	Kestrel	2000-05-08	21	Yes
J2SE 1.4	Merlin	2002-02-13	31	Yes
J2SE 5.0	Tiger	2004-09-29	18	No

- Suggestion: Treat final as if it really was ...
 - http://javaspecialists.co.za/archive/newsletter.do?issue=096





Dead Code

- Many times I have fixed bugs in dead code
- Dead code should be pruned
 - 1. Make elements as private as possible
 - 2. Make fields final
 - 3. Search for dead code and delete
 - **4.**GOTO 1





After Pruning Dead Code

- Rerun the doclets:
 - 89 classes (down by 8)
 - 16879 LOC (down by 2599)
 - 79 non-private fields (down by 25)
 - 324 non-final fields (down by 56)



Back to Comments

- Strip out useless comments and commentedout code
 - Source Control System is doing source control
 - Don't duplicate effort!
 - Root of problem is fear
- If commented code looks useful, leave a note
 - E.g. // CodeComment removed
 - Coder can look in source control system for CodeComment
- Our system now has 14505 LOC
 - Originally 19478 reduced by over 25%





Depth of Inheritance Hierarchy

- Complexity of code can be related to hierarchy depth
- Overly deep hierarchies should be avoided
- You can check the depth with this simple tool
 - http://javaspecialists.co.za/archive/newsletter.do?issue=121
- Try beat our record:
 - Proprietary code: hierarchy depth of 10
 - Open Source: Hierarchy depth of 12
 - Rob Mulcahey, Current Inc, Colorado Springs
 - org.apache.batik.dom.svg.SVGOMAltGlyphElement





Exception Handling

- Quick manual inspection for bad exception handling
- Methods should not throw "Exception"

```
private void initGui() throws Exception {
  initNorth();
  tabbedPane = new JTabbedPane();
  getContentPane().add(tabbedPane, BorderLayout.CENTER);
```

And the catch blocks should not be empty





Never Catch RuntimeException

Code should not catch RuntimeException

```
try {
   data = FruitspecTableModel.getColumnData(i);
} catch (RuntimeException e) {
}
```

- Replace that with a check on the value of "i"
- Implies not catching Exception

```
try {
   data = FruitspecTableModel.getColumnData(i);
} catch (Exception e) {
}
```





Sloppy Exception Handling

- Can cause parts of system to stop working
 - Gives user false sense of security
- All exceptions need to be noted
 - Either logged to a file or the help desk
- With Java 5 you can specify global exception handler
 - http://javaspecialists.co.za/archive/newsletter.do?issue=089
 - Nice, but does not solve the "poor coding" of empty catch blocks





Global Exception Handling

```
public class DefaultExceptionHandler implements
      Thread.UncaughtExceptionHandler {
  public void uncaughtException(Thread t, Throwable e) {
   // You need more robust, permanent record of problems
   JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(findActiveFrame(),
    e.toString(), "Exception Occurred",
    JOptionPane.OK_OPTION);
   e.printStackTrace();
  private Frame findActiveFrame() {
   for (Frame frame : JFrame.getFrames()) {
    if (frame.isVisible()) return frame;
   return null;
```





Register with Class Thread

Thread.setDefaultUncaughtExceptionHandler()

```
public class EvenBetterGui {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
   Thread.setDefaultUncaughtExceptionHandler(
    new DefaultExceptionHandler());
   Gui gui = new Gui();
   gui.pack();
   gui.setDefaultCloseOperation(
    JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
   gui.setVisible(true);
```





Now Code is More Manageable

- Now the real work starts:
 - Find and eliminate duplicate code
 - Encapsulate fields that are still non-private
 - Set up test environment
- From here, you must tread carefully
 - Make sure you can roll back easily
 - Check frequently that code still works





Automatic Tools and Reflection

- Java tools rely on static compilation of classes
- Be careful when using Reflection and Dynamic Proxies





Check your code

- Regularly check your own work:
 - Elements are properly commented
 - Exceptions are handled correctly
 - Fields are private
 - Fields are final where possible
 - Unit tests cover your code base
 - Look for copy & paste code
 - Sometimes difficult to eliminate





Develop with Pleasure!

- Make your code a pleasure to work with
- And don't be scared of fixing messy code





Some Keystroke Hints

 The appendix contains some hints on keyboard shortcuts in Eclipse and IntelliJ





Eclipse





- Autocompletion on keywords?
 - Type "in" followed by CTRL+Space ...
 - Reaching Esc is awkward on the keyboard
 - My fingers have to leave the safety of the dimples
- Error or unknown symbols in Eclipse pressCtrl+1
- How do I get back to the previous file without using the mouse?
 - Alt+left and Alt+right





Autogenerating Java Code

- Make constructor: Alt+S, A
 - Parameters not in same order as fields
 - Though this may be a setting somewhere
 - Enter does not work
 - Names of parameters not the same as the fields
- Getters / Setters: Alt+S, R
 - Again, not in same order as fields & enter does not work
- Main method: main Ctrl+Space
- Ctrl + Shift + Space shows parameters





Eclipse Magic Keys

- Ctrl+Space autocompletes
 - "syso" generates: System.out.println();
 - "for" generates: for (int i = 0; i < args.length; i++) { }
 - Problem is that Ctrl+Space is awkward to type
- Ctrl+1 autofixes code
 - But cursor jumps all over the place ⊗
- An IDE needs to be like a chef's knife, sharp and true





IntelliJ IDEA



- Create new class: In project window (Alt+1) Alt+Insert
- Autocompletion on keywords?
 - Works a bit better...
 - Type "in" followed by CTRL+Space ...
- Error or unknown symbols in IntelliJ pressCtrl+Enter
 - F2 finds the next problem





Autogenerating Java Code

- Make constructor: Alt+Insert
 - Parameters same order as fields
 - Names of parameters same as the fields
- Getters / Setters: Alt+Insert
 - It does what I expect
- equals() & hashCode(): Alt+Insert
 - Enter does not work that well
- Ctrl+plus and Ctrl+minus folds & unfolds methods
- Main method: psvm Tab





IntelliJ Magic Keys

- Ctrl + Shift + Space is intelligent autocomplete
 - Extremely useful
- Tab fills in Live Templates
 - "sout" generates: System.out.println();
 - "itar" generates: for (int i = 0; i < args.length; i++) { }
 - Problem is that Ctrl+Space is awkward to type
- Alt+Enter autofixes code
 - Cursor stays in the same place ©
- Ctrl+W selects wider and wider scope





Style and Metrics Tools

- MetricsReloaded (IntelliJ IDEA Plugin)
 - http://www.sixthandredriver.com/metricsreloaded.html
- Together Control Center
- CheckStyle
 - http://checkstyle.sourceforge.net
- FindBugs
 - http://findbugs.sourceforge.net
- Java PathFinder (from NASA)
 - http://javapathfinder.sourceforge.net
- Project Mess Detector (PMD)
 - http://pmd.sourceforge.net/



Questions?

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